The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XXII. CHICAGO, FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869. NUMBER 322.

WASHINGTON.

Reorganization of the Special Mail Service.

Officers Appointed Under the New Arrangement.

Order Relative to the Payment of Soldiers' Bounty Certificates.

A Large Number of Recently Appointed Consuls Decline to Serve.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, May 13.

REORGANIZATION OF THE SPECIAL MAIL SERVICE.

Postmaster General Creswell has reorganized the whole special mail service of the country. A previous appropriation for the purpose has been $38,000; this year it is only $100,000, which has required a reduction of the number of agents. Applications for these positions have been almost innumerable. The country is divided into six divisions. Each division is divided into three districts, except the first, which has but two, and the sixth, which has six. Each division has a principal officer styled Assistant Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service, who is subordinate to the Post Office officers of the whole division, and reports direct to the Postmaster General. Each district has a Post Office Inspector, and divisions or special agents to investigate mail depredations. There are, in addition, three special agents at large. The following are the appointments to this service:

First Division—New England States—Superintendent Railway Service, Thomas P. Chaney, R. I. Inspectors—First District, W. C. Hasmer; Second District, B. H. Camp, Conn.; Mail Depredations, Brina R. Wade, Mass.

Second Division—New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, and the Eastern Shore of Virginia—Superintendent Railway Service, Roswell Hart, Rochester, N. Y.; Inspectors—First District, Israel McDonald, Elmira, N. Y.; Second District, Harry G. Hopkins, Lancaster, Pa.; Third, James T. Wagner, Baltimore; Mail Depredations, James Gatler, New York; 2. R. Pitherbridge, Baltimore; James McPherson, Maryland, resident agent at Washington.

Third Division—Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Superintendent of Railway Service, J. Price, Virginia; Inspectors—First District, John Frey; Third, R. S. Brooks. Others not made.

Fourth Division—Ohio, West Virginia, Michigan, including the Upper Peninsula, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee—Superintendent of Railway Service, Colonel A. B. Markland, Kentucky; Inspectors—First District, W. G. Goodloe, Lexington, Ky.; Second District, C. W. Baldwin; Third, Chas. B. Edward; Mail Depredations—P. C. Pendleton.

Fifth Division—Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan—Superintendent Railway Service, George S. Bangs; Inspectors—First District, E. C. Baird, Iowa; Second District, E. H. Kennedy; Third District, S. C. Hewitt, Arkansas; Mail Depredations, George Q. A. Miller.

Sixth Division—Kansas, Texas, California, Oregon and Nevada—Inspectors only appointed. First District, A. M. Hobbs, Texas; Second, George H. Hoyt, Kansas; Third, J. H. Pinkerton, Wyoming, Montana, and Northern New Mexico; Fifth, James B. Underwood, Oregon; Sixth, Alfred Barnes, California; Special Agent Lafayette Baker, Washington City; Special Agent Jeremiah Dickinson, Washington City; Special Agent Joseph W. Briggs. The salary of Superintendents is $3,425.

APPOINTMENTS AT JACKSONVILLE.

Capt. Horace Chapin has been reappointed Postmaster at Jacksonville, Ill., vice Yates, who was removed, but, by order of the President, not commissioned.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President received a delegation of colored men to-day, with George F. Downing at its head. They wanted to talk about appointments, and were accommodated. Mr. Downing, in his own race put it at certain points where there seems to be an undue prejudice against them. Hon. Frederick Douglass, Capt. Markbreit, for Bolivia, were among the callers.

ORDER CONCERNING THE PAY OF BOUNTY CERTIFICATES.

The Paymaster General will shortly issue regulations providing that all Treasury certificates issued in payment of bounties to soldiers shall be paid at the Pay Department here, including attorneys' fees, as provided in the resolution of Congress of April 10, 1869.

PERSONAL.

Senator Trumbull leaves here for Chicago next Monday.

INDIAN MATTERS.

The Sheridan delegation here have concluded articles, which will be submitted to the Interior Department for approval, by which the nation is to move into the Cherokee country. The articles are subject to approval by the Cherokee Council, which, it is understood here, will be at once granted.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The President has appointed Hiram Barney, Collector of Customs for Beaufort for the Second District, and Samuel Hobart Pettengill, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth District; Wm. H. Bidney, Collector of Customs at Evansville, Ind.; S. Hough, Collector at Birmingham; Wolf Adam, Surveyor of Customs at Chicago; and R. W. Houston, Marshal for the District of Kansas.

James J. Fullerton, of Baltimore, was to-day appointed Solicitor of Claims in the Interior Department, vice Duncan, resigned.]

CHICAGO receipts for the week ending the 8th were $1,500, 1,000.

PURCHASE BONDS.

Secretary Boutwell had under consideration yesterday and to-day the propriety of putting some of the surplus gold in the Treasury into 5 per cent. bonds, and thereby relieve the pressure in the money market. To-night Secretary Boutwell said that he contemplated no such action, and that he was not in favor of it. He is of opinion that the present condition of the money market will not warrant the purchase of bonds at present.

Secretary Fish is constantly in receipt of letters from parties who were appointed Consuls, and who have received their instructions, declining places, because they do not realize that the expense of travel abroad from place to place, and that when they assume the duties of their consulary ministerships their duties. It is the opinion of the Secretary that at least one-half of the Consulates will have to be retained in order to

A DELEGATION OF COLORED MEN WAIT UPON THE PRESIDENT.

The National Executive Committee of the colored men of the United States, appointed by the convention held in Washington in January last, waited on the President this afternoon to pay their respects and present an address, stating that they had organized a league, having central and subordinate, local, political, social, and Christian bodies. Will work that will find its way into every household in the land. A special object is to secure the passage of a bill now before Congress, providing for the establishment of a National University at Washington, to be under the control of colored men. Chicago, Ill., Pottsdam in both English and German.

Fourth Division—Ohio, West Virginia, Michigan, including the Upper Peninsula, Indiana, Kentucky and Tennessee—Superintendent of Railway Service, Colonel A. B. Markland, Kentucky; Inspectors—First District, W. G. Goodloe, Lexington, Ky.; Second District, C. W. Baldwin; Third, Chas. B. Edward; Mail Depredations—P. C. Pendleton.

Fifth Division—Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan—Superintendent Railway Service, George S. Bangs; Inspectors—First District, E. C. Baird, Iowa; Second District, E. H. Kennedy; Third District, S. C. Hewitt, Arkansas; Mail Depredations, George Q. A. Miller.

Sixth Division—Kansas, Texas, California, Oregon and Nevada—Inspectors only appointed. First District, A. M. Hobbs, Texas; Second, George H. Hoyt, Kansas; Third, J. H. Pinkerton, Wyoming, Montana, and Northern New Mexico; Fifth, James B. Underwood, Oregon; Sixth, Alfred Barnes, California; Special Agent Lafayette Baker, Washington City; Special Agent Jeremiah Dickinson, Washington City; Special Agent Joseph W. Briggs. The salary of Superintendents is $3,425.

APPOINTMENTS AT JACKSONVILLE.

Capt. Horace Chapin has been reappointed Postmaster at Jacksonville, Ill., vice Yates, who was removed, but, by order of the President, not commissioned.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President received a delegation of colored men to-day, with George F. Downing at its head. They wanted to talk about appointments, and were accommodated. Mr. Downing, in his own race put it at certain points where there seems to be an undue prejudice against them. Hon. Frederick Douglass, Capt. Markbreit, for Bolivia, were among the callers.

ORDER CONCERNING THE PAY OF BOUNTY CERTIFICATES.

The Paymaster General will shortly issue regulations providing that all Treasury certificates issued in payment of bounties to soldiers shall be paid at the Pay Department here, including attorneys' fees, as provided in the resolution of Congress of April 10, 1869.

PERSONAL.

Senator Trumbull leaves here for Chicago next Monday.

INDIAN MATTERS.

The Sheridan delegation here have concluded articles, which will be submitted to the Interior Department for approval, by which the nation is to move into the Cherokee country. The articles are subject to approval by the Cherokee Council, which, it is understood here, will be at once granted.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The President has appointed Hiram Barney, Collector of Customs for Beaufort for the Second District, and Samuel Hobart Pettengill, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth District; Wm. H. Bidney, Collector of Customs at Evansville, Ind.; S. Hough, Collector at Birmingham; Wolf Adam, Surveyor of Customs at Chicago; and R. W. Houston, Marshal for the District of Kansas.

James J. Fullerton, of Baltimore, was to-day appointed Solicitor of Claims in the Interior Department, vice Duncan, resigned.]

CHICAGO receipts for the week ending the 8th were $1,500, 1,000.

PURCHASE BONDS.

Secretary Boutwell had under consideration yesterday and to-day the propriety of putting some of the surplus gold in the Treasury into 5 per cent. bonds, and thereby relieve the pressure in the money market. To-night Secretary Boutwell said that he contemplated no such action, and that he was not in favor of it. He is of opinion that the present condition of the money market will not warrant the purchase of bonds at present.

Secretary Fish is constantly in receipt of letters from parties who were appointed Consuls, and who have received their instructions, declining places, because they do not realize that the expense of travel abroad from place to place, and that when they assume the duties of their consulary ministerships their duties. It is the opinion of the Secretary that at least one-half of the Consulates will have to be retained in order to

A DELEGATION OF COLORED MEN WAIT UPON THE PRESIDENT.

The National Executive Committee of the colored men of the United States, appointed by the convention held in Washington in January last, waited on the President this afternoon to pay their respects and present an address, stating that they had organized a league, having central and subordinate, local, political, social, and Christian bodies. Will work that will find its way into every household in the land. A special object is to secure the passage of a bill now before Congress, providing for the establishment of a National University at Washington, to be under the control of colored men. Chicago, Ill., Pottsdam in both English and German.

INDIANA.

Legislation Again Cut Short for Want of a Quorum—Resignations of the Democratic Members—The Resignation of Senators Ignored by the Lieutenant Governor, and the Fifteenth Amendment Ratified by a Vote of 27 to 1.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 13.

In the House, the bill to prevent the evasion of tax, by the purchase of United States bonds a few days before the 1st of May, was passed.

A committee was appointed to investigate the street reports that the Morgan rail bill had been passed by corruption.

The House bill anding County Auditors to correct the reports to the Superintendent of Public Instruction relative to school funds was passed.

The bill to tax National Banks for municipal purposes was indefinitely postponed—yeas, 36; nays, 51; and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The bill to amend sections of the liquor law of March, 1859, so as to require a majority of the voters of a township to favor an application for license to retail liquor was killed—yeas, 39; nays, 48. All the Democratic Senators and four Republicans voted against it.

On the assembling of the afternoon session the roll was called, when only twenty-four Senators persons present. The doorkeeper was ordered to bring in the absentees, and the doors were ordered to be locked. In about half an hour the President announced that there were forty-four Senators present, and the call was suspended.

Mr. Wolcott stated that a report was afloat that the Democratic members of the House had resigned while the Democratic members of the Senate had not.

Mr. Cravens said he had seen the resignation of the Democratic Senators handed into the Secretary's office, but enough to break a quorum.

Mr. Stein moved that the Senate be called. We want to make a record this afternoon.

The Lieutenant Governor having resumed the chair, directed the Secretary to call the Senate, which was done. Mr. Mercer. The motion was agreed to.

The Lieutenant Governor. The doorkeepers will strictly enforce the order.

The call of the Senate was proceeded with, and when, at eighteen minutes before 3 o'clock p. m., Mr. Gilliland called Mr. Wolcott, the latter gentleman responded: "I am not a Senator of the State of Indiana."

Mr. Stein. I move that the Clerk certify that the Lieutenant Governor having resumed the chair, directed the Secretary to call the Senate, and that Mr. Wolcott responded that he was not a Senator of the State of Indiana.

The Lieutenant Governor. Is there objection to the demand for the previous question?

Mr. Johnson, of Montgomery. I object. He is no longer a Senator, and you have no right to so certify.

The roll call was continued, and, when Mr. Morgan's name was called, that gentleman said: "I don't know whether I am a Senator or not."

The call having been completed, the Lieutenant Governor said there was a quorum present.

Mr. Green and several Senators. He is in the chamber.

Mr. Lasselle continuing, was not heard at the reporters' desk distinctly, but was understood to say that he desired to see the Senators act in good faith. The Senator from Fourth, Milton B. Duffee, he that he has resigned, and the Senator from Allen, Mr. Carnes, has laid over him. He is no longer a Senator. The latter Senator has contemplated resigning for some time. He has gone to Washington to see the President, I made a statement of the fact that I had seen the resignation of Mr. Carnes laid on the table, and Senators Duffee, Stevens, Whose term expires with this present session, would leave the Senate by thirty-nine members. With the absent Senators, Mr. Wolcott, Mr. Culley, it leaves us still thirty-seven members. We are said a working quorum. If there is anything desired to be done now, I suppose it is as good a time to do it as any other.

Mr. Stein. Mr. President, do I understand that there is a quorum present?

The Lieutenant Governor. As far as the roll shows, there is.

Mr. Sherrod. I desire to say that I suppose I am no longer a Senator. I have not received that my resignation has been handed in.

Mr. Stein. Mr. President, I move that further proceedings under the call be dispensed with, and that the doors remain closed.

Mr. Johnson, of Montgomery County. You cannot do business with closed doors, unless in the opinion of the Senate it is absolutely necessary to enjoin secrecy, because the constitution expressly requires that the doors to all sessions and of Committees of the Whole shall be kept open except in such cases as in the opinion of either house may require secrecy. If there is anything to be done now that requires secrecy it is in the power of the Senate to close the doors, but, if not, it is not in your power to close the doors without violating the constitution.

Mr. Wolcott. Mr. President, I move this rescission, which I will write out, that in the opinion of the Senate the occasion requires secrecy, and that it requires secrecy.

The Lieutenant Governor. Put your resolution in writing.

The Lieutenant Governor. The Senator from White, Mr. Wolcott, offers the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the opinion of the Senate the emergency of the business before the Senate requires secrecy, and that the doors be kept closed.

Mr. Johnson, of Montgomery. That does not bind the constitutional question as to the closing of the doors; but if that is to be the order of the Senate you must clear the lobby. There must be a spectator in here—hot one.

The Lieutenant Governor to the Secretary. Call the Senator from Franklin.

Mr. Gifford. I am no longer a member.

Mr. Scott. Mr. President, I do not know how to look upon this, whether as a big joke, or whether we are in earnest.

Several Senators. "In earnest."

The Lieutenant Governor. Let us have order. Let us be in earnest about that at any rate.

Mr. Scott—If we are in earnest, I think there must be some reason for secrecy. We are acting, as I understand it, in the constitutional call there is nothing in the resolution throwing any light on my mind as to why this requires secrecy. I would like to ask the Senator from White (Mr. Wolcott), what it is that requires secrecy?

Mr. Wolcott. Let every Senator determine this matter for himself.

Mr. Church (in his seat). I am afraid my wife will hear about it. (Laughter.)

Mr. Scott. If it is a joke, I enjoy it hugely; if in earnest, I am not going to sit here and vote for a proceeding of this kind without knowing the reasons. What is the matter before this body? Is it the Constitutional amendment. Will the Senator say that is a matter requiring secrecy? Does any gentleman on this floor pretend that it is a matter requiring secrecy?

Mr. Wolcott (interposing to relieve the senator). I will withdraw the resolution.

Mr. Hooper. Mr. President, now I move the adoption of the resolution I send up.

The Lieutenant Governor (to the Secretary.) Read.

The Secretary read a joint resolution accepting and ratifying a certain amendment to the constitution of the United States.

Mr. Beardsley. Mr. President, I move on previous question.

The Lieutenant Governor. The question is on the demand for the previous question. Is the opinion of the Senate that the previous question is seconded. Call the Chair the previous question is seconded. Call the roll on the adoption of the resolution.

The Secretary proceeded with the roll-call, and the vote was announced as follows:

YEAS—Andrews, Armstrong, Beardsley, Bellamy, Bowen, Cavins, Cravens, Dodd, Dunn, Ellis, Fowler, Greer, Grosh, Hadley, Hamilton, Hess, Hooper, Johnson of Spencer, Kinsey, Kline, Lasselle, Robinson of Madison, Robinson of Decatur, Scott, Stein, Wolcott and Wood—27.

NAYS—None.

Pending the roll-call, when Mr. Gifford's name was called, Mr. Church said: Present, but not voting.

Mr. Gifford replied: My resignation has been accepted by the Governor.

When Mr. Johnson's (of Montgomery) name was called, Mr. Church said: Present, but not voting.

When Mr. Lasselle's name was called, Mr. Church said: Present, but not voting.

When Mr. Sherrod's name was called, Mr. Robinson, of Madison, said: Present, but not voting.

The roll-call having been completed, the Lieutenant Governor said the Secretary reports the following facts: 37 ayes, 1 no, and 10 present but not voting.

Mr. Stein. I offer the following resolution:

Resolved, That it be entered on the journal of the Senate that upon the call of the ayes and nays, upon the adoption of the joint resolution to ratify the Amendment to the United States Constitution, the following Senators were present, but refused to vote, to wit: Messrs. Carnes, Gifford, Henderson, Lasselle, Lee, Mewis, Carson, Gifford, Henderson, Lasselle, Lee, Mewis, Carson, Gifford, Henderson, Lasselle, Lee, Mewis, Carson

he Tribune.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS,
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Tribune, per year, by mail.....$10.00
Tribune, per month, by mail.....1.00
Tribune, per year, by mail.....5.00
Tribune, per year, by mail.....2.50
of a year or more at the same rate.

Subscriptions may commence at any time and give Post Office address in full, including State and County. Remittances are allowed to be sent by Post Office Orders or Registered Letters, at our risk.

Postage must be paid either by draft, express, Post Office order, or in registered letters, at our risk.

Whether we agree or disagree with the views of our contemporaries, we shall always find room for the latest and most important news, and for the fullest discussion, Sunday excepted, of the questions of the day. Specimen copies sent free.

Address, TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill.

FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1869.

PARK BONDS.

The South Park Commissioners, through their President, Hon. John M. Wilson, have sent to the Mayor a request for the loan, to themselves, of about $200,000 of bonds, under the so-called "Equalization bill," passed by the last Legislature. The act is as follows:

"That the amount of money expended for parks in North, South and West Chicago, the City of Chicago retains three-fifths thereof, and the remaining two-fifths thereof, if needed, may draw a park; and that hereafter all moneys expended, or amounts of money on Lincoln Park, in the Division of said city, and in Lincoln Park, said city is about to expend more than for the extension of said park, a much less sum may be been expended for in the South and West Divisions of said city; for parks in North, South and West Chicago, the Mayor and Common Council of said city, bearing interest not to exceed seven per cent per annum, for purposes of purchasing and improving lands within the limits of each of said parks, when the said Division of said city, or some of the Commissioners of said parks for such purpose, in such amounts as shall be certified to the Common Council of said city, by the Commissioners of said parks, or any two of them."

It is enacted, &c., That the Mayor and Common Council of said city may issue bonds of said city, bearing interest not to exceed seven per cent per annum, for purposes of purchasing and improving lands within the limits of each of said parks, when the said Division of said city, or some of the Commissioners of said parks for such purpose, in such amounts as shall be certified to the Common Council of said city, by the Commissioners of said parks, or any two of them."

It is hereby provided that the bonds of said city, bearing interest not to exceed seven per cent per annum, for purposes of purchasing and improving lands within the limits of each of said parks, when the said Division of said city, or some of the Commissioners of said parks for such purpose, in such amounts as shall be certified to the Common Council of said city, by the Commissioners of said parks, or any two of them.

Provided, also, That the Mayor and Common Council

That is a ma-
[illegible] Mr.
[illegible] ompany
[illegible] ed to
[illegible] ed to
[illegible] ed to

NEW YORK.

Another Boisterous Day in the Equal Rights Convention.

Work of the American Bible Society During the Year.

Letter From a London Editor on the Alabama Question.

NEW YORK.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, May 12.

SITTING OF THE CONVENTION.

A large crowd has been in attendance for establishing the claim of the people, and a resolution similar to the United States Army of the Republic. Several resolutions have been framed in New York and Brooklyn.

Ship Ocean Wave went ashore last night on the beach at Long Branch, and will probably prove a total loss.

SUN SPOTS.

Two cases of sun-stroke occurred here yesterday, one fatal. The thermometer stood at 92 in the shade in the afternoon.

MONEY.

The money market remains easy. The demand on call is freely met at 6@7 per cent on government and stock collaterals.

GOVERNMENTS.

The government bond market was buoyant, being generally rousing the highest point ever attained. The stock market was also active. The day has been more liberal for domestic account, while foreign bankers assume free purchasers.

STOCKS.

The stock market was feverish and unsettled. The greatest fluctuations have been in New York Central, Reading, Michigan Southern, Wabash, Rock Island, Northwestern and Mariposa preferred. At the close the market had a firmer tone, and there was a general advance.

GOLD

was fairly active, and is strong market. There were less war rumors to-day.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Two more prominent converts to Mormonism were baptized in Brooklyn and Williamsburgh on the last twelve months, were arrested to-day.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Austrian papers say the Emperor proposes sending a delegation to America to visit the Pacific Railway, with a view to adopting the American railway system in Europe.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The Rev. Dr. Tyng, [illegible] Church, has resigned his charge of Messiah Church, Brooklyn, and will preach to-morrow in the Methodist Church in Jersey City. Dr. Tyng has been a minister for forty years, and preached the first sermon in Brooklyn. He has been pastor of Messiah Church for twenty-five years. He is a native of Maryland, and has a bitter hatred towards Spain. This is a most important step in the Cuban cause, and the insurgents are also to hold out six months longer, or be compelled to acknowledge the [illegible] to endow them.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The fleet here the schooners Ocean Wave and Ocean Pearl, sailed fifteen days ago with a cargo of [illegible] and [illegible], which [illegible] in the Bahama Islands. Simultaneously [illegible] two steamers, carrying five hundred [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible]. These vessels were commanded by a Cuban General, with a staff of American officers, and with good battery complements. Other steamers have been chartered for the Spanish Main, and [illegible] have been received.

HAVANA, May 12, via KEY WEST, May 12.—No late letters are received from rebel sources giving [illegible] movements between the Spanish troops and insurgents. A body of rebels are encamped at La Soledad. The Spanish authorities of the province of Santa Clara are [illegible] the revolutionary force was commanded by General Gomez, with a staff of [illegible] officers. The rebels are [illegible] the work of the rebellion [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the